AZ DISPLAYS

SPECIFICATIONS FOR LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY

	CUSTOMER APP	ROVAL	
※ PART NO. : <u>/</u>	AQM1212N-FLW-FLW	(AZ DISPLAYS	S) VER1.0
APPROVAL		COMPANY	
		СНОР	
CUSTOMER			
COMMENTS			

AZ DISPLAYS ENGINEERING APPROVAL										
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REVISION RECORD

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1.0 GENERAL SPECS

1. Display Format	128X128 dots
2. Power Supply	3.3V
3. Module dimension	46.0mm(L) x54.4mm(W) x 10.7mm MAX (T)
4. Active display area (A/A)	37.1mm(L) x 38.4mm(W)
5. View area (V/A)	43.0mm(L) x42.8mm(W)
6. Dot Size	0.275mm(W) x 0.285mm(H)
7. Dot Pitch	0.29mm(W) x 0.30mm(H)
8. Driver method	1/128 duty,1/12 bias, Vop=12.9V
9. Display mode	Positive/Transflective
10. LCD type	FSTN
11. Driver IC	ST7541 COG
12. Backlight Options	LED (WHITE)
13. ROHS	ROHS compliant

2.0 ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Item	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Operating temperature	Тор	-20	-	70	°C
Storage temperature	Tst	-30	-	80	°C
Input voltage	Vin	Vss-0.3		Vdd+0.3	V
Supply voltage for logic	Vdd- Vss	-0.3	-	3.6V	V
DC Supply Voltage	(Vout)	1.7		3.3	V
Supply voltage for LCD drive	Vo	-0.5		20	V

3.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 Electrical Characteristics Of LCM

Item	Symbol	Condition	ndition Min		Max	Unit
Power Supply Voltage	Vdd	25°C	3.1		3.3	V
Power Supply Current	Idd	Vdd=3.0V				mA
Input voltage (high)	Vih	H level	0.8Vdd		Vdd	V
Input voltage (low)	Vil	L level	0		0.2Vdd	V
		-20°C				
Recommended LC Driving		25°C		12.9		V
Voltage	Vo	70°C				

3.2 The Characteristics Of LED Backlight

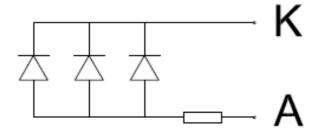
3.2.1 Electrical-Optical Characteristics Of LED Backlight (Ta=25°C)

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Forward Current	If	VF=45mA	3.1	3.3	3.5	V
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5.0				V
Luminance	Lv	If=45mA 250				cd/m²
Uniformity	Δ	(Lvmin/Lvmax)%	(Lvmin/Lvmax)% 70%			
Chroma coordinate	х		0.26		0.32	
Officina coordinate	у		0.26		0.32	
Lifetime		If=45mA	18000	20000		Hours

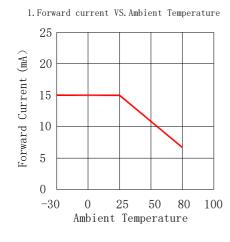
NOTE:

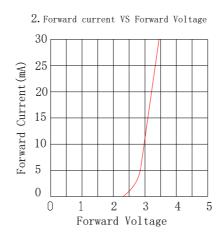
- (1) Forward voltage means voltage applied directly to the LED
- (2)The luminance is the average value of 5 points, The measurement instrument is BM-7 luminance colorimeter. The diameter of aperture is Φ 5mm
 - (3) Luminance means the backlight brightness without LCD.
- (4) Backlight lifetime means luminance value larger than half of the original after 20000 hours' continuous working.

3.2.2 Backlight Control Circuit FOR LCM (1x5=5PCS LED)



3.2.3 LED Characteristics Curves (for single led)

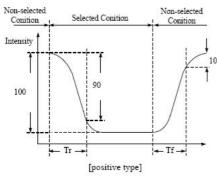


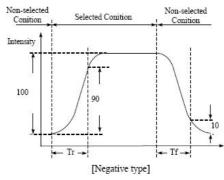


4.0 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Ta=25°C, Vdd= 3.3V±0.2V)

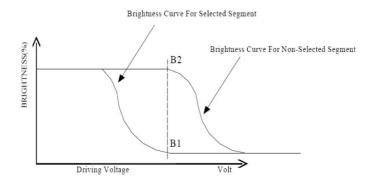
Item	Symbol	Condition	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Viewing angle (horizontal)	θ	Cr ≥ 2.0	-35	-	35	deg
Viewing angle (vertical)	ф	Cr ≥ 2.0	-20	-	35	deg
Contrast Ratio	Cr	φ=0°, θ=0°	-	3	-	
Response time (rise)	Tr	φ=0°, θ=0°	-	180	300	ms
Response time (fall)	Tf	φ=0°, θ=0°	-	150	250	ms

(1). Definition of Optical Response Time



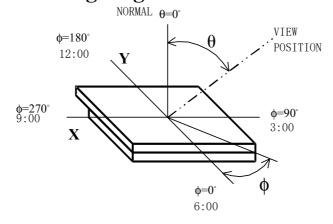


(2). Definition of Contrast Ratio

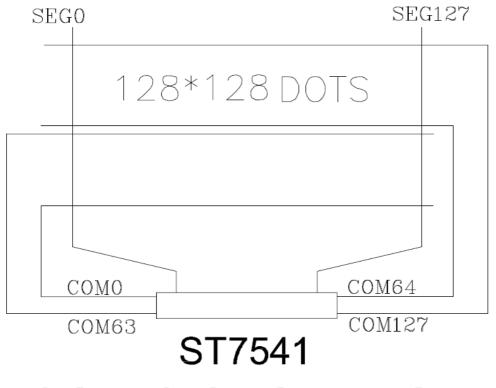


Cr= Brightness of Non-selected Segment(B2)
Brightness of selected Segment(B1)

(3). Definition of Viewing Angle θ and Φ



5.0 BLOCK DIAGRAM

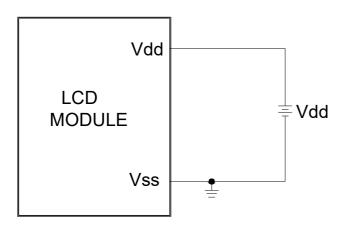


COM & SEG LAYOUT

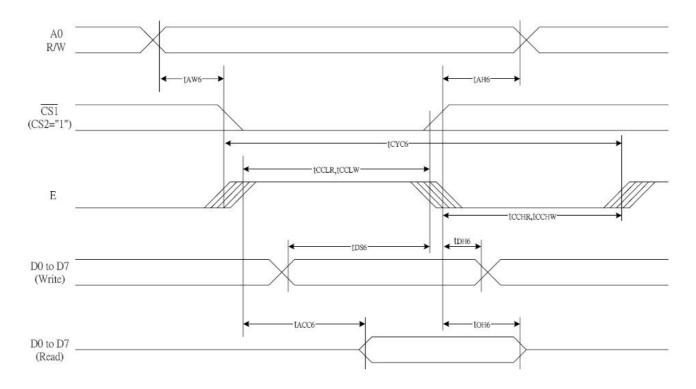
6.0 PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin No	Name	Description
1~5	V0~V4	LCD driver supplies voltages
1	IRS	IRS = "H", Use the internal resistors IRS = "L", Do not use the internal resistors
6	VOUT-IN	DC/DC voltage converter intput
7	VOUT-OUT	DC/DC voltage converter output
8	VSS	Power supply
9	VDD	Power supply
10~17	D7~D0	8-bit directional data bus
18	E	Read signal. Active when low
19	RW/WR	Write signal. Active when low
20	A0	It decide whether the data bits are data or a command.
		"L" is for command and "H" is for data.
21	RST	Chip reset signal. Active when low
22	CSB	Chip select signal. Active when low
23~24	PS0~PS1	Interface select input pin

7.0 POWER SUPPLY



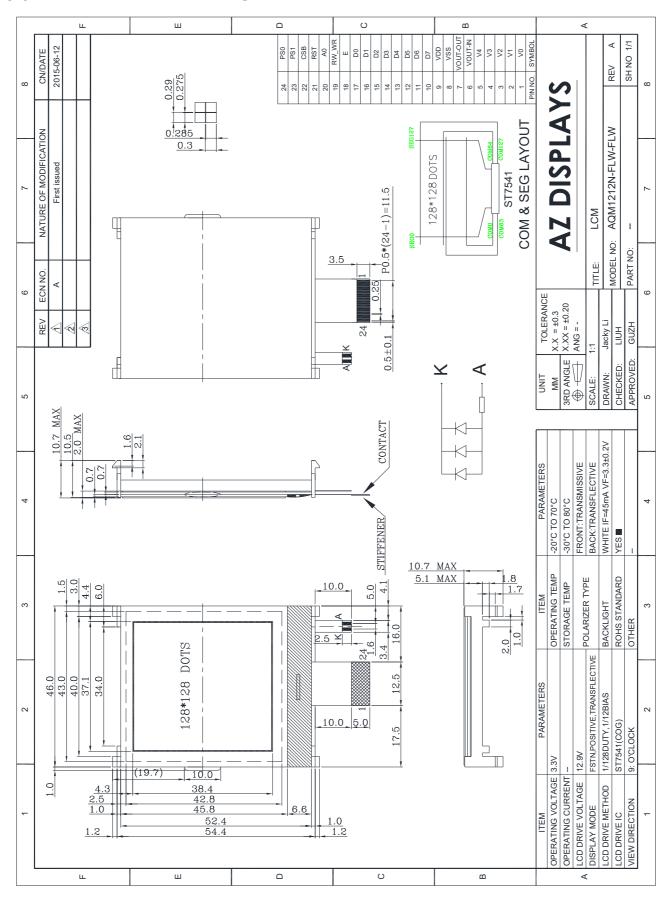
8.0 TIMING CHARACTERISTICS



(VDD = 3.3 V , Ta =-30~85°C)

14	0:	Ourselle all	O a maliki a m	Rat	11-14-	
Item	Signal	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Max.	Units
Address hold time	5	tAH6		0	_	- 10 - 10
Address setup time	A0	tAW6		0	_	
System cycle time		tCYC6		240		
Enable L pulse width (WRITE)	IMP.	tEWLW		80	<u> </u>	
Enable H pulse width (WRITE)	WR	tEWHW		80	_	
Enable L pulse width (READ)		tEWLR		80		ns
Enable H pulse width (READ)	RD	tEWHR		140		
WRITE Data setup time		tDS6		40		
WRITE Data hold time	D0 to D7	tDH6		10		
READ access time	D0 to D7	tACC6	CL = 100 pF	0	70	
READ Output disable time		tOH6	CL = 100 pF	5	50	

9.0 MECHANICAL DRAWING



10.0 RELIABILITY TEST

NO	Test Item		Description	Test Condition	Remark
1		High temperature storage	Applying the high storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	80 ° C 96hrs	
2		Low temperature storage	Applying the low storage temperature Under normal humidity for a long time Check normal performance	-30°C 96hrs	
3		High temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress(Volatge and current) Under high temperature for a long time	70 °C 96hrs	Note1
4	Environmental	Low temperature Operation	Apply the electric stress Under low temperature for a long time	-20 ° C 96hrs	Note1 Note2
5	Test	High temperature/High Humidity Storage	Apply high temperature and high humidity storage for a long time	90% RH 40 ° C 96hrs	Note2
6		Temperature Cycle	-30°C/80°C 10 cycle		
7	Mechanical Test			Freq:10-55Hz Max Acceleration 5G 1cycle time:1min time X.Y.Z direction for 15 mines	
8		Shock test(package state)	Applying shock to product check normal performance	Drop them through 70cm height to strike horizontal plane	
9	Other			•	

Remark

Note1:Normal operations condition (25°C±5°C).

Note2:Pay attention to keep dewdrops from the module during this test.

11.0 DISPLAY INSTRUCTION TABLE

Instruction	A0	RW	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Description
	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	2-byte instruction to set
Mode Set	0	0	FR3	FR2	FR1	FR0	0	BE	x'	0	Mode and FR(Frame frequency control) BE(Booster efficiency control)
	,										
Read display data	1	1				Read	data				Read data into DDRAM
Write display data	1	0	a.			Write	data				Write data into DDRAM
Read status	0	1	BUSY	ON	RES	MF2	MF1	MF0	DS1	DS0	Read the internal status
ICON control register ON/OFF	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	ICON	ICON=0: ICON disable(default) ICON=1: ICON enable & set the page address to 16
Set page address	0	0	1	0	1	1	P3	P2	P1	P0	Set page address
Set column address MSB	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	Y7	Y6	Y5	Set column address MSB
Set column address LSB	0	0	0	0	0	0	Y4	Y3	Y2	Y1	Set column address LSB
Set modify-read	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	Set modify-read mode
Reset modify-read	0	0	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	release modify-read mode
Display ON/OFF	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	D	D=0: Display OFF D=1: Display ON
	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	x'	x'	2-byte instruction to specify
Set initial display line register	0	0	x'	S6	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	S0	the initial display line to realize vertical scrolling
	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	x'	x'	2-byte instruction to specify
Set initial COM0 register	0	0	x'	C6	C5	C4	СЗ	C2	C1	C0	the initial COM0 to realize window scrolling
	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	x'	x'	2-byte instruction to set partial
Set partial display duty ration	0	0	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	display duty ratio
- CARGO - K - G	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	x'	x'	2-byte instruction to set N-line
Set N-line inversion	0	0	x'	x'	x'	N4	N3	N2	N1	N0	inversion register
Release N-line inversion	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	Release N-line inversion mode
Reverse display ON/OFF	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	1	REV	REV=0: normal display REV=1: reverse display
Entire display ON/OFF	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	EON	EON=0: normal display EON=1: entire display ON

Instruction	A0	R/W	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Description
Power Control	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	VC	VR	VF	Set power circuits ON/OFF
Select DC-DC step-up	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	DC1	DC0	Select built-in booster step
0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	_			0	_	_	0	DO	D4	DO	Select the internal resistance
Select Regulator Register	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	R2	R1	R0	ratio of the regulator resistor
Select Electronic Volume	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2-byte command
Select Electronic volume	0	0	x'	x'	EV5	EV4	EV3	EV2	EV1	EV0	Adjust contrast level
Select LCD bias	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	B2	B1	B0	Select LCD bias
High Dawey Mada	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	2-byte command
High Power Mode	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	Enable High Power Mode
Llink Davier Made Control	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	2-byte command
High Power Mode Control	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	Controls high driving mode
											COM bi-directional selection
SHL select	0	0	1	1	0	0	SHL	x'	x'	x'	SHL=0: normal direction
											SHL=1: reverse direction
	0		1		1	0	0	0	0		SEG bi-direction selection
ADC select		0		0						ADC	ADC=0: normal direction
											ADC=1: reverse direction
Oscillator ON	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	Start the built-in oscillator
Cat nawar aaya mada	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	Р	P=0: normal mode
Set power save mode	0	0	'	U	'	0	'	0	U	P	P=1: sleep mode
Release power save mode	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	Release power save mode
RESET	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	0	Software reset
RESET	0	0	'	1	'	0	0	0	'	0	Refer to RESET CIRCUIT
Set display data length	x'	x'	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	2-byte command
(DDL)											Specify the number of data
(DDL)	x'	x'	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	bytes. (3-Line SPI only)
											FRC: 1=3FRC, 0=4FRC
Set FRC/PWM mode									PWM1		PWM[1:0]:
	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	FRC		PWM0	(0,0)=(0,1)=9PWM
											(1,0)=12PWM
											(1,1)=15PWM
NOP	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	No operation
Test Instruction	0	0	1	1	1	1	x'	x'	x'	x'	Don't use this instruction

Instruction	A0	RW	DB7	DB6	DB5	DB4	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	Description	
Set white mode and 1st/2nd		0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	Set white mode and 1st/2nd	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	WB3	WB2	WB1	WB0	WA3	WA2	WA1	WA0	frame	
Set white mode and 3st/4nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	Set white mode and 3 rd /4 th	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	WD3	WD2	WD1	WD0	WC3	WC2	WC1	WC0	frame	
Set light gray mode and 1 st /2 nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	Set light gray mode and	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	LB3	LB2	LB1	LB0	LA3	LA2	LA1	LA0	1 st /2 nd frame	
Set light gray mode and 3 st /4 nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	Set light gray mode and	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	LD3	LD2	LD1	LD0	LC3	LC2	LC1	LC0	3 rd /4 th frame	
Set drak gray mode and 1 st /2 nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	Set dark gray mode and	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	DB3	DB2	DB1	DB0	DA3	DA2	DA1	DA0	1 st /2 nd frame	
Set dark gray mode and 3st/4nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	Set dark gray mode and	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	DD3	DD2	DD1	DD0	DC3	DC2	DC1	DC0	3 rd /4 th frame	
Set dark mode and 1 st /2 nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	Set dark mode and 1st/2nd	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0	ВАЗ	BA2	BA1	BA0	frame	
Set dark mode and 3 st /4 nd	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	Set white mode and 3 rd /4 th	
rame, set pulse width	0	0	BB3	BD2	BD1	BD0	ВС3	BC2	BC1	BC0	frame	

12.0 APPEARANCE CRITERIA

Item	Description	Picture	Specification			MA	МІ	Inspection Method
Dot defects	Scratches		≤0.1	Ignored				Visual/
(black/whi te dot) black dot white dot on the polarizer dirty spot and bubble between the polarizer and		Ь	0.1< φ≤0.20	2	J>5			contrast by
	$\phi = \frac{a+b}{2}$ J:the distance	0.20< φ ≤0.25	1	J>10	•		Inspection standard film	
		0.25< ∮ ≤0.30	0					
	glass in the display area.	between dot and dot.	0φ>0.3	0				
black/white	Fibres in	K.W	W≤0.01	Ignored				Visual/
line defect (straight	active area, scratches		W≤0.02 L≤5	2	J>5			contrast by Inspection standard
line or	and black line on the		W≤0.03 L≤4	1	J>10	•		
curve etc. Line type	glass or	L	W≤0.04 L≤3	0	J>10			film
defects)	polarizer.	J:the distance between dot and dot.	W≤0.05 L≤2	0				
Chip on corner	sidestep on the lower	Y:width of chip X:length of chip L:width of sidestep J:distance between electrode and the farthermost edge.	Y≤1/2L, X≤1	Ignored		-	•	Visual/ contrast by Inspection standard film
	glass		Y≤1/2L, X≤2	2				
			Y≤1/2L, X≤3	1				
			Y≤1/2L, X≤1/3J	0	J≤3			
			Y≤1/2L, X≤2/3J	0	J≤3			
Crack			Y≤1/5L X≤5 ≤1/2T	Z Ignored	Ignored			Visual/ contrast
			Y≤1/4L X≤5 ≤1/2T	Z 2				by Inspection standard
		Y:width of crack X:length of crack	Y≤1/3L X≤5 Z≤ 1/2T	≤ 1				film
		L:width of sidestep T:deepth of crack Z:thickness of single	Y≤1/3L X≤10 2 ≤1/2T	<u>z</u> 0				
		glass	Y≤1/3L X≤15 Z ≤1/2T	0	0			
Crack			Cracks in any area	ejected		•		Visual
Polarizer			≤0.8	Accepted			•	Visual/

			1		contrast
	be applicable for up/bottom polarizer	0.8 <l≤1.0< td=""><td>Rejected</td><td>_</td><td>by</td></l≤1.0<>	Rejected	_	by
	up/bottom polarizer	1.0 <l≤1.5< td=""><td>Rejected</td><td></td><td>Inspection standard</td></l≤1.5<>	Rejected		Inspection standard
		1.5 <l≤2.0< td=""><td>Rejected</td><td></td><td>film</td></l≤2.0<>	Rejected		film
		Any seeable pola excursion in activ	arizer slanting or ve area will be rejected.		
			ge should be even and ention within 1/3 of ill be rejected.		
		incorrect sticking	missing or extra, I for polarizer and dirty on polarizer will be		
		seeable black sil	kscreen line from the cepted.		
		Refer to the draw	ving size requirement.		
End seal		UV glue of seal on the glass surface	Rejected		Visual/ contrast by
	L:The distance from the block to edge of glass.	The UV glue of seal overflow into the active area.	Rejected		Inspection standard film
		Direction of end seal is different from the drawing.	Rejected		
		Glue capacity of end seal < (1/3)*L	Rejected		
		the height and length of end seal is out of the drawing requirements.	Rejected		
Silkscreen line		silkscreen line overflow into the active area.	Rejected		Visual/ contrast by Inspection
		silkscreen line deviated in active area.	Rejected		standard film
		bubble of silkscreen line ≥ 1/3 witdth of silkscreen line	Rejected		

PIN		Glue on PIN: the without pin clip wi solidification: PIN completely. The stouching will be re PIN deflection: if 5°, rejected; coto the drawing recontinuous glue of PIN glue stains or polarizer and glast PIN glue exceeds rejected. Missing or extra, IPIN loosen: no por drop. PIN:pin center exercipected. glue, rejected. glue, rejected. range: UV glue months of the properties of the pin distance rejected. Pin glue same with requirements.	•		Visual/ contrast by Inspection standard film	
Protective film		LCD protective filit polarizer and the raised ≤1/3 lengt from same direction length should be can be accepted.		•	Visual	
Rainbow		rainbow is not in active area.	Accepted			Visual/co ntrast by
		Rainbow in active area.	Rejected		•	golden sample
		with obvious discoloration and uneven color.	Rejected			
backgroud color		There are obvious different background color from the same product lot.	Rejected		•	Visual/co ntrast by golden sample

NOTE:

Inspection condition:

Viewing distance for cosmetic inspection is 30cm with bare eyes, and under an environment of 800 $lux(20W^*2---40W)$ light intensity, all directions for inspecting the sample should be within 45° against perpendicular line.

13.0 PRECAUTION FOR USING LCM

- 1. When design the product with this LCD Module, make sure the viewing angle matches to its purpose of usage.
- 2. As LCD panel is made of glass substrate, Dropping the LCD module or banging it against hard objects may cause cracking or fragmentation. Especially at corners and edges.
- 3. Although the polarizer of this LCD Module has the anti-glare coating, always be careful not to scratch its surface. Use of a plastic cover is recommended to protect the surface of polarizer.
- 4. If the LCD module is stored at below specified temperature, the LC material may freeze and be deteriorated. If it is stored at above specified temperature, the molecular orientation of the LC material may change to Liquid state and it may not revert to its original state. Excessive temperature and humidity could cause polarizer peel off or bubble. Therefore, the LCD module should always be stored within specified temperature range.
- 5. Saliva or water droplets must be wiped off immediately as those may leave stains or cause color changes if remained for a long time. Water vapor will cause corrosion of ITO electrodes.
- 6. If the surface of LCD panel needs to be cleaned, wipe it swiftly with cotton or other soft cloth. If it is not still clean enough, blow a breath on the surface and wipe again.
- 7. The module should be driven according to the specified ratings to avoid malfunction and permanent damage. Applying DC voltage cause a rapid deterioration of LC material. Make sure to apply alternating waveform by continuous application of the M signal. Especially the power ON/OFF sequence should be kept to avoid latch-up of driver LSIs and DC charge up to LCD panel.
- 8. Mechanical Considerations
 - a) LCM are assembled and adjusted with a high degree of precision. Avoid excessive shocks and do not make any alterations or modifications. The following should be noted.
 - b) Do not tamper in any way with the tabs on the metal frame.
 - c) Do not modify the PCB by drilling extra holes, changing its outline, moving its components or modifying its pattern.
 - d) Do not touch the elastomer connector; especially insert a backlight panel (for example, EL).
 - e) When mounting a LCM makes sure that the PCB is not under any stress such as bending or twisting. Elastomer contacts are very delicate and missing pixels could result from slight dislocation of any of the elements.
 - f) Avoid pressing on the metal bezel, otherwise the elastomer connector could be deformed and lose contact, resulting in missing pixels.
- Static Electricity
 - a) Operator

Ware the electrostatics shielded clothes because human body may be statically charged if not ware shielded clothes. Never touch any of the conductive parts such as the LSI pads; the copper leads on the PCB and the interface terminals with any parts of the human body.

b) Equipment

There is a possibility that the static electricity is charged to the equipment, which has a function of peeling or friction action (ex: conveyer, soldering iron, working table). Earth the equipment through proper resistance (electrostatic earth: 1x10⁸ ohm).

Only properly grounded soldering irons should be used.

If an electric screwdriver is used, it should be well grounded and shielded from commutator sparks.

The normal static prevention measures should be observed for work clothes and working benches; for the latter conductive (rubber) mat is recommended.

c) Floor

Floor is the important part to drain static electricity, which is generated by operators or equipment.

There is a possibility that charged static electricity is not properly drained in case of insulating floor. Set the electrostatic earth (electrostatic earth: $1x10^8$ ohm).

d) Humidity

Proper humidity helps in reducing the chance of generating electrostatic charges. Humidity should be kept over 50%RH.

e) Transportation/storage

The storage materials also need to be anti-static treated because there is a possibility that the human body or storage materials such as containers may be statically charged by friction or peeling.

The modules should be kept in antistatic bags or other containers resistant to static for storage.

f) Soldering

Solder only to the I/O terminals. Use only soldering irons with proper grounding and no leakage.

Soldering temperature : 355 $^{\circ}$ C \pm 10 $^{\circ}$ C

Soldering time: 3 to 4 sec.

Use eutectic solder with resin flux fill.

If flux is used, the LCD surface should be covered to avoid flux spatters. Flux residue should be removed afterwards.

g) Others

The laminator (protective film) is attached on the surface of LCD panel to prevent it from scratches or stains. It should be peeled off slowly using static eliminator.

Static eliminator should also be installed to the workbench to prevent LCD module from static charge.

10. Operation

- a) Driving voltage should be kept within specified range; excess voltage shortens display life.
- b) Response time increases with decrease in temperature.
- c) Display may turn black or dark blue at temperatures above its operational range; this is (however not pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- d) Mechanical disturbance during operation (such as pressing on the viewing area) may cause the segments to appear "fractured".
- 11. If any fluid leaks out of a damaged glass cell, wash off any human part that comes into contact with soap and water. The toxicity is extremely low but caution should be exercised at all the time.
- 12. Disassembling the LCD module can cause permanent damage and it should be strictly avoided.
- 13. LCD retains the display pattern when it is applied for long time (Image retention). To prevent image retention, do not apply the fixed pattern for a long time. Image retention is not a deterioration of LCD. It will be removed after display pattern is changed.
- 14. Do not use any materials, which emit gas from epoxy resin (hardener for amine) and silicone adhesive agent (dealcohol or deoxym) to prevent discoloration of polarizer due to gas.
- 15. Avoid the exposure of the module to the direct sunlight or strong ultraviolet light for a long time.